Rudy Nolen, SBN 59808 Stephen W. Owens, SBN 84859 GIE034558 2007 OCT -6 PM 2: 36 NOLEN & ASSOCIATES 1501 28th Street 2 CLERK-SUPERIOR COURT SAN DIEGO COUNTY, CA Sacramento, CA 95816 3 Telephone: (916) 733-0600 4 Facsimile: (916) 733-0601 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 8 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 9 A.B., G.G., S.H., and N.H.; S.H. and N.H. are) minors, by and through their Guardian Ad) CASE NO: 10 Litem, their Mother, S.A.H. 11 Plaintiffs, ORIGINAL COMPLAINT **FOR** 12 **DAMAGES:** VS. 13 1. **Common Law Negligence** 2. Negligent Appointment, 14 WATCHTOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY **Retention and Supervision** OF NEW YORK, INC., WATCHTOWER BIBLE) Gross Negligence - Willful 3. AND TRACT SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA, 15 **Misconduct** INC., JEHOVAH'S **Breach of Fiduciary Duty** WITNESSES ALPINÉ 4. CONGREGATION AND DOES 1 Through 20, 16 Inclusive. 17 Defendants. 18 19 PLAINTIFFS' ORIGINAL COMPLAINT COME NOW A.B., G.G., S.H., and N.H.; S.H. and N.H. are minors, by and through 20 their Guardian Ad Litem, their Mother, S.A.H., Plaintiffs in the above-numbered and entitled 21 22 cause, and file this, their Original Complaint, and allege as follows: 23 I. 24 **PARTIES**

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- S.H., born August 28, 1990, is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a resident 1. of San Diego County, California.
- 2. Plaintiff N.H., born November 8, 1988, is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a resident of San Diego County, California.

- 3. Plaintiff G.G., born October 17, 1986, is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a resident of San Diego County, California.
- 4. Plaintiff A.B., born May 10, 1984, is, and at all times mentioned herein, was a resident of San Diego County, California.
- 5. Defendant WATCHTOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, INC., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, has conducted business within the State of California through its agents and alter egos and may be served with process through its California agent for service of process James M. McCabe, 4817 Santa Monica Avenue, San Diego CA 92107.
- 6. Defendant WATCHTOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, has conducted business within the State of California through its agents and alter egos and may be served with process at its offices located at 1630 Spring Run Road Extension, Coraopolis, Pennsylvania 15108.
- 7. Defendant JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES ALPINE CONGREGATION is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California. At all material times, it maintained its offices at Kingdom Hall Building, 3408 East Victoria Drive, Alpine, San Diego County, California, 91901.
- 8. Plaintiffs allege on information and belief that at all relevant times, defendants DOES 1 through 20 inclusive, are individuals and/or business or corporate entities incorporated in and/or doing business in California.
- 9. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of defendants DOES 1 through 20, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiffs who therefore sue such Defendants by such fictitious names, and will amend the complaint to show the true names and capacities of each DOE defendant when ascertained. Plaintiffs allege on information and belief that each defendant designated as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the events, happenings, and/or tortuous, and unlawful conduct that caused the injuries and damages alleged in this complaint.

10. The Defendant entities are collectively referred to herein as the "WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS" because each is the agent and alter ego of each other and operate as a single business enterprise. Each Defendant was acting within the scope and course of his or its authority as an agent, servant, and/or alter ego of the other and each of them engaged in, joined in and conspired with the other wrongdoers in carrying out the tortuous and unlawful activities alleged in this complaint.

II.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 11. Each Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount exceeding the minimum jurisdictional requirements of this Court.
- 12. Venue is proper in San Diego County, California because each minor plaintiff was the victim of tortuous conduct within that county.

III.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 13. All paragraphs of this Complaint are based on information and belief, except for those allegation, which pertain to the Plaintiffs and their counsel. Plaintiffs' information and belief are based upon, inter alia, the investigation conducted to date by Plaintiffs and their counsel. Each allegation in this Complaint either has, or is likely to have, evidentiary support upon further investigation and discovery.
- 14. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS comprise a hierarchical organization made up of different corporations and other entities. The Watchtower Bible and Tract Society of New York is the parent organization of all entities of Jehovah's Witnesses in the United States. The "Governing Body" establishes policies and dictates practices for Jehovah's Witnesses throughout the world, and operates through various corporate entities including the Watch Tower Bible and Tract Society of Pennsylvania.
- 15. Local congregations are led by Elders, Ministerial Servants and Pioneers who are appointed by the Governing Body and/or the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society of New York Local Congregation. Elders, Ministerial Servants and Pioneers are agents of the

Watchtower Bible and Tract Society of New York and the Governing Body and are required to obey and follow the rules handed down by the Governing Body and the Watchtower Society.

- 16. Through their rules and policies, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS assumed a duty to protect children in their organization, including Plaintiffs. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS negligently failed to exercise reasonable care in fulfilling that duty.
- 17. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS undertook the responsibility to instruct their elders as to what to do when they received allegations of child sexual abuse. They promulgated policies and rules directing the elders to call the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' "Legal Department" for direction about whether to report allegations of sexual abuse to police and law enforcement. The policies were designed to prevent cooperation with, if not frustrate, secular investigations. Elders were sometimes instructed to make anonymous calls from telephone booths so that law enforcement authorities would be unable to contact them for more information.
- 18. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS promulgated policies and rules requiring local congregations, through their elders, to investigate allegations of child sexual abuse. They enacted evidentiary and procedural rules governing the formation and operation of "judicial committees," comprised of elders, which gathered and considered evidence, questioned witnesses and rendered judgments about whether child sexual abuse had or had not occurred. Often these judgments were based on the "two witness rule," which allowed allegations of child sexual abuse to be disregarded unless the perpetrator confessed or there were two eye witnesses to the crime. Additionally, the elders were instructed not to reveal to law enforcement authorities the results of their investigations.
- 19. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS assumed the duty to punish organization members who were guilty of child sexual abuse. Since the allegations were often concealed from secular authorities, the perpetrators often received no punishment except for that meted out by the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS. Sometimes the offenders were "disfellowshipped," or expelled from the organization. Other times their punishment was

secret; they were "privately reproved" or placed on "restrictions" so that other congregation members would not know that a dangerous child abuser was in their midst.

- 20. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' policies, which were ostensibly promulgated to protect children in the organization, emphasized secrecy above all other concerns. Victims of child sexual abuse, and their families, were routinely told not to inform secular authorities. Victims were often discouraged, if not prevented, from obtaining appropriate medical and psychological care or from confiding in their siblings or close friends. Instead, they were instructed to rely on elders for counsel.
- 21. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS instructed the local congregations and elders to make written reports to the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' "Service Department" about allegations of child sexual abuse leveled against elders, ministerial servants and pioneers, as well as written reports of judicial committee actions concerning child sexual abuse allegations made against any Jehovah's Witness. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS have for years maintained files and, more recently, a computerized database containing such information. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS undertook the responsibility to compile this information to protect congregation members and they therefore assumed a duty to utilize this information with reasonable care. However, despite having confidential information that would allow parents, law enforcement authorities and even elders to identify sexual predators and actually take steps to protect children, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS negligently concealed this information from the persons who needed it most urgently.
- 22. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS have, at all material times, had the ability to know when a "known pedophile," a term they sometimes use, moves from one congregation to another. However, they have negligently failed to utilize the information they have compiled to monitor the movement of sexual predators through their organization and issue appropriate warnings. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS promulgated rules and policies that require the former congregation to write a "letter of instruction" when a member moved to another congregation. However, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS negligently failed to take any steps to ensure that such a

letter was actually sent or that the letter contained accurate information and adequate warnings. If a sexual predator moved from a congregation where he was known to be a pedophile, but then moved a second time, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' rules did not even require the first congregation's letter to be passed along to the third congregation.

- 23. These are but a few examples of the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS assuming a duty to protect children in the organization but failing to exercise reasonable care in fulfilling that duty.
- 24. Frederick McLean was appointed Ministerial Servant by the Governing Body and/or the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society of New York. A Ministerial Servant is an agent of the Watchtower Bible and Tract Society of New York, the Governing Body and the other Watchtower Defendants.
- 25. A Ministerial Servant is held out by the Watchtower Defendants to be a person of good character and responsibility and a person one can trust to supervise minor children. Parents within the Watchtower organization are encouraged to view Ministerial servants as role models for their children. Children within the organization are taught to look up to and respect Ministerial Servants.
- 26. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew, or should have known, that Frederick McLean was a pedophile. Nevertheless, he was appointed Ministerial servant and allowed to occupy a leadership position in the Jehovah's Witnesses organization.
- 27. Beginning in approximately 1991, McLean used the position of trust that his status as a Ministerial Servant represented and conferred, to obtain access to Plaintiffs so that he could sexually abuse them. He abused SH and NH from approximately 1993 to 1999. He abused GG from approximately 1992 to 1999, and abused AB from approximately 1991 to 1999. The abuse occurred primarily in San Diego County, California.

IV.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION COMMON-LAW NEGLIGENCE

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- 28. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by this reference and re-allege paragraphs 1 through 27 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- Plaintiffs allege that at all times herein mentioned, WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS 29. assumed a duty to protect Plaintiffs from sexual predators within the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' organization. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew or should have known that Plaintiffs were at risk of foreseeable harm by their agent, Frederick McLean, but failed to act to protect them from such harm. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS breached their duty to Plaintiffs, thereby causing great harm to Plaintiffs.
- Despite the fact that the Watchtower Defendants knew or should have known of 30. McLean's history of pedophilia, they negligently failed to warn Plaintiffs or their families of McLean's history of sexually abusing children.
- Despite the fact that the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew, or should have 31. known, of McLean's history of pedophilia, they negligently permitted him to be alone with children, including Plaintiffs, in the congregations.
- As a legal result of Defendants' conduct as described herein above, Plaintiffs have 32. suffered, and will continue to suffer great pain of mind, body, shock, emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, and loss of enjoyment of life. Further, Plaintiffs were prevented and will continue to be prevented from obtaining the full enjoyment of life.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENT APPOINTMENT, RETENTION AND SUPERVISION

- Plaintiffs incorporate herein by this reference and re-allege paragraphs 1 through 33. 32 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 34. Plaintiffs allege that at all times herein mentioned, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew or should have known of McLean's propensity to use his position as a leader in the local congregations to engage in acts of sexual abuse of young, vulnerable

and defenseless victims such as Plaintiffs. The WA	TCHTOWER DEFENDANTS failed to
adequately investigate, evaluate, and otherwise res	search McLean's background prior to
appointing him to a leadership position and allowing him unsupervised access to young	
victims such as Plaintiffs.	

- 35. Despite the fact that the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew, or should have known, of McLean's history of pedophilia, they negligently appointed him to the office of Ministerial Servant when they knew or should have known that he would be allowed unsupervised access to minor children in the course and scope of his duties.
- 36. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS negligently failed to monitor and/or supervise McLean despite their actual or constructive knowledge that he posed a potential and foreseeable danger to children.
- 37. As a legal result of Defendants' conduct as described herein above, Plaintiffs have suffered, and will continue to suffer great pain of mind, body, shock, emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, and loss of enjoyment of life. Further, Plaintiffs were prevented and will continue to be prevented from obtaining the full enjoyment of life.

VI.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION GROSS NEGLIGENCE/WILFUL MISCONDUCT

- 38. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by this reference and re-allege paragraphs 1 through 37 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 39. Plaintiffs allege, at all times mentioned herein, that the WATCHTOWER

 DEFENDANTS demonstrated a conscious indifference to the safety and welfare of Plaintiffs.

 The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS knew or should have known of the dangerous

propensities of their agent, Frederick McLean, yet failed to act to protect the health, safety and welfare of children in the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' organization thereby allowing Plaintiffs to be sexually abused. But for the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' willful misconduct and gross negligence in failing to implement safeguards to protect Plaintiffs, the sexual abuse would have been prevented.

- 40. Plaintiffs further allege that WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS' actions, constituting willful misconduct and gross negligence described herein above, caused significant mental, emotional, and physical injuries as a result of the acts of sexual abuse described herein above.
- 41. As a legal result of Defendants' conduct as described herein above, Plaintiffs have suffered, and will continue to suffer great pain of mind, body, shock, emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, disgrace, humiliation, and loss of enjoyment of life. Further, Plaintiffs were prevented and will be continue to be prevented from obtaining the full enjoyment of life.

VII.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

- 42. Plaintiffs incorporate herein by this reference and re-allege paragraphs 1 through 41 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. Plaintiffs allege, at all times mentioned herein, that by assuming the responsibility to protect and care for Plaintiffs, who were young and vulnerable, the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS created a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiffs. The WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS occupied positions of trust and confidence with Plaintiffs and such relationship imposed on them a duty to act to protect Plaintiffs' best interests.

- 44. Plaintiffs further allege that because of this special relationship, Plaintiffs placed their trust and confidence in the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS to protect them from harm and to warn Plaintiffs of the potential harm. The conduct described above constituted a breach of the fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiffs by WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS.
- 45. As a legal result of Defendants' misconduct as described herein above, Plaintiffs have suffered, and will continue to suffer great pain of mind, body, shock, emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of selfesteem, disgrace, humiliation, and loss of enjoyment of life. Further, Plaintiffs were prevented and will continue to be prevented from obtaining the full enjoyment of life.

VIII. **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against the WATCHTOWER DEFENDANTS individually, jointly and severally as follows:

- **1.** For general damages according to proof;
- 2. For past and future medical expenses according to proof;
- For past and future loss of earnings according to proof;
- **4.** For prejudgment interest;
- **5.** For costs of suit incurred herein; and
- **6.** For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: Syptember 27,200 NOLEN & ASSOCIATES

Rudy Nolen, Esq., Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

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ENDORSED

OCT 1 6 2006

Clerk of the Napa Superior Court By: M.M. FIELDS

SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF NAPA

CHARISSA W., et al.,

Elders (Motion #1)

Plaintiffs,

v.

WATCHTOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, et al.

Defendants.

Case No.: 26-22191 JCCP No. 4374

RULING ON SUBMITTED DISCOVERY MOTIONS

Plaintiffs' Motions To Compel Discovery came on for hearing on October 13, 2006. The court, having read and considered the papers in support of and in opposition to the motion and having heard oral argument, took the motions under submission and now rules as follows:

Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel Depositions and/or for Protective Order re: the Woodland

The Watchtower defendants have informed the plaintiffs that, at the depositions of four Church Elders, they will invoke the clergy-penitent privilege and object to "any inquiries concerning judicial investigations and judicial committees." Plaintiffs seek an order compelling the deponents to attend their depositions and to respond to such inquiries.

This court has previously ruled in the Track I cases that the penitential communication privilege does not apply to communications between the alleged abusers and the Judicial Committee. (See Court's ruling of September 29, 2005.) Although that ruling is not res judicata in non-track I cases, defendants provide no convincing reason why the court should rule differently in this case. For the reasons expressed in the earlier ruling, the court concludes that the witnesses may not assert the penitential communication privilege. To the extent the motion also encompasses the production of documents, defendants shall produce responsive documents, regardless of when they are dated. As plaintiffs note, it is possible that documents dated after the alleged abuse will contain relevant information. For these reasons, plaintiffs' motion #1 is GRANTED.

<u>Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel PMK Deposition and Documents – General</u> (Motion #2)

Plaintiffs have noticed the deposition of the Church defendants' Person(s) Most Knowledgeable (PMK) on a number of specified topics. Defendants have objected to six areas of inquiry, again invoking the clergy-penitent privilege. For the reasons discussed above and in the court's earlier ruling, the court finds that the clergy-penitent privilege does not apply to these areas of inquiry. Defendants also object to the scope of the document requests, claiming that documents that post-date the alleged abuse are not relevant or likely to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. As above, the court finds that the documents are discoverable. For these reasons, plaintiffs' motion #2 is GRANTED.

<u>Plaintiffs' Motion to Compel PMK Deposition and Documents – Legal</u> (Motion #3)

Plaintiffs previously issued a PMK deposition notice concerning "any and all policies that the Jehovah's Witnesses organization had for handling accusations and proof of child sexual abuse from 1970 to the present." During that PMK deposition of Mr. Breaux, he identified functions that were handled by the Legal Department rather than by the Service Department, where he worked. As to these, he lacked the information necessary to provide responses.

Plaintiffs subsequently noticed a PMK deposition to inquire into (1) the organization, staffing and operation of the Legal Department; (2) the Legal Department's role in responding to

and investigating child sexual abuse allegations within the organization; (3) the development and use of "Child Abuse Telememos" which were forms developed to obtain and record information concerning reports of abuse (blank forms were produced in discovery); (4) records kept by or under the direction of the Legal Department concerning allegations of abuse; and (5) answers given to "survey questions" contained on one of the Telememos.

Defendants have objected that these areas of inquiry are protected by the attorney-client and/or work product privileges. As to the first two categories, plaintiffs contend that they concern only policies and implementation, and do not invade any privileges. As to categories 3 and 5, they assert only that the requested information is related to the blank documents they already received in discovery, and that the information goes to the heart of their case. Finally, as to category 4, they claim again, that no privileges would be invaded, because they seek general information about the types of records kept by the legal department.

The court agrees that items 1, 2 and 4, which seek general structural, policy and organizational information concerning the Legal Department, implicate neither the attorney-client nor the work product privileges. Items 3 and 5, on the other hand, seek protected information. As set forth in the declaration of the Church's associate general counsel, the Telememo forms are completed by attorneys or legal assistants based upon information provided them by congregation elders, and are used to assist in giving legal advice to the elders, as clients of the Legal Department. Similarly, any compilation of information, as from the "survey questions" constitutes attorney work product and is not discoverable.

For these reasons, the court will GRANT the motion as to items 1, 2 and 4 and will DENY the motion as to items 3 and 5.

Dated: 10 16 06

Raymond A. Guadagni, Judge

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

Napa Courts

Civil, Criminal, Appeals, Small Claims

CHARISSA W., et al,

Plaintiffs.

VS.

CASE NO: 26-22191 JCCP No. 4374

WATCHTOWER BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, et al.

Defendants.

Rudy Nolen

Sent by facsimile to: 916-733-0601 and by US Mail this date.

Nolen & Brelsford 1501 - 28th Street

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Hartley Hampton

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Robert J. Schnack

Sent by facsimile to: 916-930-2501 and by US Mail this date.

Bullivant Houser Bailey

11335 Gold Express Dr., Suite 1105

Gold River, CA 95670-4491

I hereby certify that I am not a party to this cause and that copies of the attached **RULING ON SUBMITTED DISCOVERY MOTIONS** mailed (first class postage pre-paid) to the above parties at Napa, California on this date and that this certificate is executed at Napa, California this date.

OCT 1 6 2006

M.M. FIELDS

DATE

Deputy Court Executive Officer